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Lenora W. Pate

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PO Box 55727 Birmingham, AL 35255-5727

December 19, 2016

VIA E-MAIL (shpda.online@shpda.alabama.gov)

ALVA M. LAMBERT Executive Director State Health Planning and Development Agency 100 North Union Street, Suite 870 Montgomery, AL 36140

Re: Leoti Dialysis, LLC d/b/a Tennessee River Dialysis Request for Non-Reviewability Determination

Dear Mr. Lambert:

On behalf of Leoti Dialysis, LLC d/b/a Tennessee River Dialysis ("Tennessee River Dialysis") and pursuant to the Alabama Certificate of Need ("CON") Program Rules and Regulations ("CON Rules") § 410-1-7-.02 and § 410-1-3-.09, attached hereto as **Exhibit A** is a Request for your determination that the proposal to establish and operate a new ten (10) station dialysis facility consisting of eight (8) in-center hemodialysis stations, one (1) of which will be a hemodialysis isolation station, and two (2) home training stations which may be used alternately for home hemodialysis training and peritoneal dialysis home training in Colbert County does **not** require a CON pursuant to Ala. Code § 22-21-278, because CON approval is not required for a dialysis facility located in a Class 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 municipality, as defined by Ala. Code § 11-40-12(a), which contains no more than ten (10) freestanding hemodialysis stations.

In accordance with CON Rule § 410-1-3-.09, a pdf text searchable copy of this Request is being submitted electronically on the 19th day of December, 2016, to shpda.alabama.gov; a paper original will be preserved in our files; and a fee of \$1,000.00 is being sent via overnight FedEx to SHPDA on the 19th day of December, 2016, for delivery on the next business day, Tuesday, December 20, 2016.

Please give me a call if you have any questions.

With kindest personal regards,

Lenora W. Pate Tom Ansley FOR THE FIRM



Alva M. Lambert December 19, 2016 Page 2

LWP/ta

Enclosures

c: Nicole Horn
Spencer Westcott
Bradley Wiedman
Bob Gallagher
Wade McKnight

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EXHIBIT A

BEFORE THE STATE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE STATE OF ALABAMA

IN THE MATTER OF:)	
LEOTI DIALYSIS, LLC D/B/A TENNESSEE RIVER DIALYSIS)	Request for Non-Reviewability Determination RV-

REQUEST FOR NON-REVIEWABILITY DETERMINATION

On behalf of Leoti Dialysis, LLC d/b/a Tennessee River Dialysis ("Tennessee River Dialysis") and pursuant to the Alabama Certificate of Need Program Rules and Regulations ("CON Rules") § 410-1-7-.02 and § 410-1-3-.09, and Alabama Code § 22-21-260, et.seq., this Request is hereby filed with the State Health Planning and Development Agency ("SHPDA") for a determination that Tennessee River Dialysis's proposal, more fully described herein, to establish and operate a new ten (10) station dialysis facility consisting of eight (8) in-center hemodialysis stations, one (1) of which will be a hemodialysis isolation station, and two (2) home training stations which may be used alternately for home hemodialysis training and peritoneal dialysis home training in Colbert County, is not subject to CON Review for the reasons stated below, and that no CON is required for this Proposal ("Proposal").

The following factual and legal information is hereby included in support of this Request, and a Tennessee River Dialysis check in the amount of \$1,000.00 made payable to the State Health Planning and Development Agency is being filed in accordance with CON Rule § 410-1-3-.09, simultaneously with SHPDA, as the required filing fee for this Request pursuant to CON Rule § 410-1-7-.02.

PROPOSAL

1. Facts:

1.1 Leoti Dialysis, LLC d/b/a Tennessee River Dialysis is a subsidiary of ISD Renal, Inc., a subsidiary of DaVita, Inc., an owner and operator of end stage renal disease facilities.

- 1.2 Tennessee River Dialysis proposes to establish and operate a new ten (10) station dialysis facility consisting of eight (8) in-center hemodialysis stations, one (1) of which will be a hemodialysis isolation station, and two (2) home training stations which may be used alternately for home hemodialysis training and peritoneal dialysis home training in Colbert County. Tennessee River Dialysis intends to use its isolation station for Hepatitis B negative patients when it does not have Hepatitis B positive patients on its census or Hepatitis B positive patients being dialyzed. Such use by Tennessee River Dialysis will be in compliance with the letter to James E. Sanders dated October 5, 2010, a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit 1, and the response letter from Alva Lambert, dated October 8, 2010 a copy of which is attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibit 2, as well as all other CON and Alabama Department of Public Health rules and regulations.
- 1.3 The total cost of construction is estimated to be no more than \$980,526; the total cost of equipment is estimated to be no more than \$476,295; and the total cost of first year annual operating costs is estimated to be no more than \$629,242.
- 1.4 This Proposal is necessary and appropriate to provide convenient renal dialysis services to the patients located in Colbert County.

2. Legal Analysis.

- 2.1 Pursuant to Ala. Code § 22-21-278, CON approval is not required for a dialysis facility located in a Class 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 municipality, as defined by Ala. Code § 11-40-12(a), which contains no more than ten (10) freestanding hemodialysis stations. However, this exemption from CON approval does not apply to a dialysis facility located in a Class 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 municipality if such municipality, or any part of such municipality, is located in a county in which a Class 1, 2, or 3 municipality, or any part thereof, is located.
- 2.2 Section 410-2-3-.05(1)(b) of the State Health Plan further states that Ala. Code § 22-21-278 allows dialysis facilities with no more than ten (10) freestanding hemodialysis stations to operate in 61 of 67 counties without CON approval. Facilities in Jefferson, Limestone, Madison, Mobile, Montgomery and Shelby counties are required to receive CON approval for any dialysis stations.

2.3 The proposed location for Tennessee River Dialysis is Colbert County. Colbert County does not contain a Class 1, 2, or 3 municipality. There is <u>no</u> municipality, town, or unincorporated community in Colbert County that <u>does not</u> satisfy the requirements of Section 22-21-278 of the Alabama Code.

3. Conclusion and Request.

- 3.1 Pursuant to Ala. Code § 22-21-278 and Section 410-2-3-.05(1)(b) of the State Health Plan, a CON would not be required to open a ten (10) station dialysis facility consisting of eight (8) in-center hemodialysis stations, one (1) of which will be a hemodialysis isolation station, and two (2) home training stations which may be used alternately for home hemodialysis training and peritoneal dialysis home training in Colbert County.
- 3.2 Therefore, this Proposal is due to be determined as non-reviewable in accordance with the Alabama CON law, rules, and regulations.

Respectfully submitted this the 19th day of December, 2016,

Lenora W. Pate

Tom Ansley

Attorneys for Tennessee River Dialysis

¹ As defined by Ala. Code § 11-40-12(a), a Class 1 municipality is a city with a population of 300,000 inhabitants or more; a Class 2 municipality is a city with a population of not less than 175,000, and not more than 299,999 inhabitants; and a Class 3 municipality is a city with a population of not less than 100,000, and not more than 174,999 inhabitants.

OF COUNSEL:

Sirote & Permutt, P.C. 2311 Highland Avenue South Birmingham, Alabama 35205 205.930.5162

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a PDF copy of the above and foregoing Exhibit A was electronically filed this the 19th day of December, 2016, with the State Health Planning and Development Agency via shpda.online@shpda.alabama.gov in accordance with CON Rule § 410-1-3-.09.

Affirmation of Requesting Party:

The Undersigned, being first duly sworn, hereby makes oath or affirms that he, Spencer Westcott, the Degree Open hors Director of Leoti Dialysis, LLC d/b/a Tennessee River Dialysis, has knowledge of the facts in this Request, and to the best of his information, knowledge and belief such facts are true and correct.

TENNESSEE

NOTARY to before me this the 14 day of December, 2016

My Commission Expires: 11 hy 1, 3018

KELLI F. ROBINSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
(205) 930-5158
krobinson@sirots.com

SIROTE

PERMUTT

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

October 5, 2010

VIA E-MAIL & U.S. MAIL

James E. Sanders
Deputy Director
State Health Planning and Development Agency
100 North Union Street, Suite 870
Montgomery, AL 36104

Re: Use of Isolation Station for Hepatitis B Negative Patients

Dear Mr. Sanders:

This letter is to follow up and confirm our conversation on Thursday, September 16, 2010, regarding the permitted authorized use of a CON-approved isolation station at an end stage renal disease ("ESRD") facility for Hepatitis B <u>negative</u> patients when the ESRD facility does not have Hepatitis B <u>positive</u> patients on its census or Hepatitis B <u>positive</u> patients being dialyzed.

You confirmed that an ESRD facility may use a CON-approved isolation station for Hepatitis B negative patients when the ESRD facility does not have Hepatitis B positive patients on its census or Hepatitis B positive patients being dialyzed as long as the total number of stations used at any given time did not exceed the total number of CON-approved stations.

As confirmed by the enclosed April 2, 2010, document from Carolyn Duck at the Alabama Department of Public Health ("ADPH"), if the ESRD facility does not have Hepatitis B <u>positive</u> patients on its census or Hepatitis B <u>positive</u> patients being dialyzed, then that counted isolation station may be used for Hepatitis B <u>negative</u> patients in the general patient treatment area as long as the ESRD facility does not have in use more than their total number of allowed stations granted on their license at one time. Accordingly, it does not matter the number of machines that are connected to the water system as long as the number of patients receiving treatment does not exceed the CON issued. This permitted authorized use of a CON-approved isolation station has been approved by ADPH, the State Health Planning and Development Agency ("SHPDA"), and the CMS Regional Office in Dallas.

Please call me if you have any questions.

Rolenson

Sincerely,

Kelli F. Robinson FOR THE FIRM

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James E. Sanders October 5, 2010 Page 2

KR/le Enclosure

c: Lenora W. Pate, Esq. David Geary

April 2, 2010

Purpose: To provide clarification for the use of Isolation stations in an End Stage Renal Disease Treatment and Transplant Center.

End Stage Renal Disease Treatment and Transplant Centers are facilities that are intended to trent persons suffering permanent and irreversible kidney failure. Persons who suffer from kidney failure are unable to live without receiving a form of dialysis to clean bodily toxins from their blood system.

The current state licensure rule that applies to an isolation station is as follows:

420-5-5-02 Administration, (9) Infection Control. (e) Cross-Contamination Provention 4. (g) Isolation Racillities.

1. An isolation dialysis room must be provided for all Hepatitis B Antigen Positive Dialysis Patients; the room must be partitioned from treatment areas for Hepatitis B Antigen Negative Patients and provide separate fucilities from tollet, handwashing, janitorial, drug storage, blood (Hamatocrit and clotting time) handling and waste storage and disposal.

2. Facilities not equipped with a Hepatitis B Isolation Section as defined above may not accept for treatment any Hepatitis B Antigen Positive Patients but must complete an Agreement to transfer any Positive Patients to a facility so equipped.

There are times when ESRD centers provide their service to individuals who are Hepatitis B positive. The census of a center will fluctuate in the number of Hepatitis B positive patients they provide care to. When a center does provide care to positive patients, those patients are the only ones who can be dialyzed at that isolation station. If the center does not have Hepatitis B positive patients on its consus or positive patients being dialyzed, then that counted station may be used for Hepatitis B negative patients in the general putient treatment area; as long as the ESRD center does not have in use more than their total number of allowed stations granted on their liceuse at one time. It does not matter the number of machines that are connected to the water system as long as the patients receiving treatment does not exceed the CON issued.

This has been discussed with the CMS Regional Office in Dallas and with SHPDA. Neither of these agencies have a problem with this practice.

Example: An ESRD center has a certificate of need for 16 total hemodialysis stations. The center has a separated isolation room that provides hemo treatments for a Hepatitis B positive patient; this isolation room station is included in the total 16 station count. This leaves 15 stations for use in the general patient treatment area. The center still has a certificate of need for 16 stations. The isolation room station that is not in use can be used on the general patient treatment area, as long as the center does not treat more than 16 patients at a time.

STATE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT AGENCY 100 NORTH UNION STREET, SUITE 870 MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA 36104

October 8, 2010

Kelli F. Robinson, Esquire Sirote & Permutt Post Office Box 55727 Birmingham, AL 35255-5727

RE: Use of Isolation Station for Hepatitis B Negative Patients

Dear Ms. Robinson:

This is written in response to your letter dated October 5, 2010 to Mr. Jim Sanders in which you notified this agency that Carolyn Duck at the Alabama Department of Public Health confirms that if an ESRD facility does not have Hepatitis B positive patients on its census or Hepatitis B positive patients being dialyzed, then that counted isolation station may be used for Hepatitis B negative patients in the general patient treatment areas as long as the ESRD facility does not have in use more than their total number of allowed stations granted on their license at one time. Accordingly, it does not matter the number of machines that are connected to the water system as long as the number of patients receiving treatment does not exceed the CON issued. You report this has also been approved by CMS Regional Office in Dallas. Based on information provided, this agency also approves the use of Hepatitis B stations as outlined above.

If you have questions, please call Jim Sanders or Betty Schoenfeld at (334) 242-4103.

sincerely, alva W. Lavahert

Alva M. Lambert

Executive Director

AML:bws